

**2-Cyano-*N,N*-dimethylacetamide**

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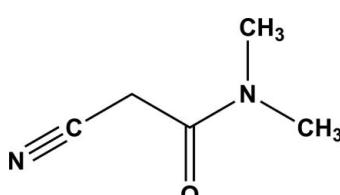
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.068;  $wR$  factor = 0.167; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.5.

In the crystal structure of the title compound,  $\text{C}_5\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}$ , molecules are linked by weak  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional network.

**Related literature**

For uses of 2-cyano-*N,N*-dimethylacetamide, see: Liu *et al.* (2011). For the synthesis, see: Liu *et al.* (2011). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_5\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}$   
 $M_r = 112.13$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 4.1690 (8)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 9.3940 (19)\text{ \AA}$

$c = 15.880 (3)\text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 92.67 (3)^\circ$   
 $V = 621.2 (2)\text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.09\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 298\text{ K}$

$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10\text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4  
diffractometer  
Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan  
(North *et al.*, 1968)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.975$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.991$   
1294 measured reflections

1129 independent reflections  
666 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.051$   
3 standard reflections every 200  
reflections  
intensity decay: 1%

*Refinement*

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.068$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.167$   
 $S = 1.01$   
1129 reflections

73 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.18\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}4-\text{H}4\text{A}\cdots\text{O}^{\text{i}}$	0.97	2.38	3.300 (3)	159
$\text{C}4-\text{H}4\text{B}\cdots\text{O}^{\text{ii}}$	0.97	2.41	3.141 (3)	132

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1985); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors thank the Center of Testing and Analysis, Nanjing University, for the data collection.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LX2222).

**References**

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## **supplementary materials**

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## 2-Cyano-*N,N*-dimethylacetamide

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### Comment

2-Cyano-*N,N*-dimethylacetamide is an important intermediate used to synthesize the herbicide of nicosulfuron (Liu *et al.*, 2011). We report here the crystal structure of the title compound (Fig. 1).

In the title molecule, bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. In the crystal packing (Fig. 2), molecules are linked by weak intermolecular C–H···O hydrogen bonds (see, Table 1).

### Experimental

2-Cyano-*N,N*-dimethylacetamide was prepared by the method reported in literature (Liu *et al.*, 2011). Single crystals were obtained by dissolving 2-Cyano-*N,N*-dimethylacetamide (0.50 g, 4.46 mmol) in ethyl acetate (30 ml) and evaporating the solvent slowly at room temperature for about 7 d.

### Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with O–H = 0.82 and C–H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}/\text{O})$ , where  $x = 1.2$  for aromatic H and  $x = 1.5$  for other H.

### Figures

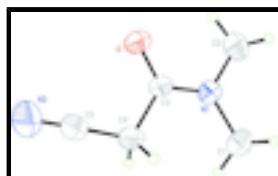


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 40% probability level. H atoms are presented as small spheres of arbitrary radius.

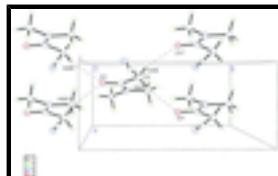


Fig. 2. A view of the C–H···O hydrogen bonds (dotted lines) in the crystal structure of the title compound. [Symmter codes: (i)  $-x + 1, y + 1/2, -z + 1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x, y + 1/2, -z + 1/2$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, y - 1/2, -z + 1/2$ ; (iv)  $-x, y - 1/2, -z - 1/2$ .]

## 2-Cyano-*N,N*-dimethylacetamide

### Crystal data

$\text{C}_5\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}$

$F(000) = 240$

$M_r = 112.13$

$D_x = 1.199 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

# supplementary materials

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Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 4.1690(8)$  Å

$b = 9.3940(19)$  Å

$c = 15.880(3)$  Å

$\beta = 92.67(3)^\circ$

$V = 621.2(2)$  Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 9\text{--}13^\circ$

$\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 298$  K

Block, brown

$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$  mm

## Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4  
diffractometer

666 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.051$

graphite

$\theta_{\max} = 25.4^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.5^\circ$

$\omega/2\theta$  scans

$h = 0 \rightarrow 5$

Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan  
(North et al., 1968)

$k = 0 \rightarrow 11$

$T_{\min} = 0.975$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.991$

$l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

1294 measured reflections

3 standard reflections every 200 reflections

1129 independent reflections

intensity decay: 1%

## Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Least-squares matrix: full

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.068$

Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map

$wR(F^2) = 0.167$

H-atom parameters constrained

$S = 1.01$

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.09P)^2 + 0.P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

1129 reflections

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

73 parameters

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

0 restraints

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.18$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

## Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O	0.2785 (4)	0.08459 (15)	0.22552 (10)	0.0789 (6)
C4	0.1898 (6)	0.3244 (2)	0.26152 (15)	0.0703 (7)
H4A	0.3718	0.3851	0.2766	0.084*
H4B	0.0286	0.3824	0.2319	0.084*
C3	0.2962 (6)	0.2083 (2)	0.20353 (15)	0.0617 (6)
N1	0.4071 (5)	0.2461 (2)	0.13046 (13)	0.0747 (7)
C5	0.0598 (7)	0.2697 (3)	0.33702 (18)	0.0758 (8)
C2	0.5089 (8)	0.1366 (3)	0.07292 (18)	0.0956 (9)
H2A	0.4964	0.0451	0.0995	0.143*
H2B	0.7263	0.1545	0.0585	0.143*
H2C	0.3715	0.1378	0.0227	0.143*
N2	-0.0412 (8)	0.2295 (3)	0.39639 (19)	0.1157 (10)
C1	0.4201 (9)	0.3936 (3)	0.09947 (19)	0.1010 (11)
H1A	0.3514	0.4574	0.1423	0.151*
H1B	0.2812	0.4033	0.0499	0.151*
H1C	0.6363	0.4163	0.0860	0.151*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O	0.1110 (14)	0.0480 (10)	0.0791 (12)	-0.0014 (10)	0.0192 (10)	0.0048 (8)
C4	0.0821 (16)	0.0537 (14)	0.0757 (17)	0.0009 (13)	0.0097 (13)	-0.0052 (11)
C3	0.0797 (16)	0.0448 (12)	0.0604 (14)	-0.0005 (12)	0.0003 (11)	0.0023 (10)
N1	0.1086 (18)	0.0552 (11)	0.0609 (12)	-0.0038 (12)	0.0102 (11)	0.0037 (9)
C5	0.0924 (18)	0.0651 (15)	0.0708 (18)	-0.0047 (15)	0.0125 (14)	-0.0105 (13)
C2	0.128 (2)	0.093 (2)	0.0672 (17)	0.0092 (19)	0.0192 (16)	-0.0067 (15)
N2	0.141 (2)	0.116 (2)	0.094 (2)	-0.0157 (19)	0.0406 (18)	-0.0064 (17)
C1	0.157 (3)	0.0709 (17)	0.0753 (19)	-0.015 (2)	0.0080 (18)	0.0182 (14)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

O—C3	1.217 (2)	C5—N2	1.116 (3)
C4—C5	1.434 (4)	C2—H2A	0.9600
C4—C3	1.507 (3)	C2—H2B	0.9600
C4—H4A	0.9700	C2—H2C	0.9600
C4—H4B	0.9700	C1—H1A	0.9600
C3—N1	1.318 (3)	C1—H1B	0.9600
N1—C2	1.453 (3)	C1—H1C	0.9600
N1—C1	1.472 (3)		
C5—C4—C3	112.6 (2)	N1—C2—H2A	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	109.1	N1—C2—H2B	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	109.1	H2A—C2—H2B	109.5
C5—C4—H4B	109.1	N1—C2—H2C	109.5
C3—C4—H4B	109.1	H2A—C2—H2C	109.5

## supplementary materials

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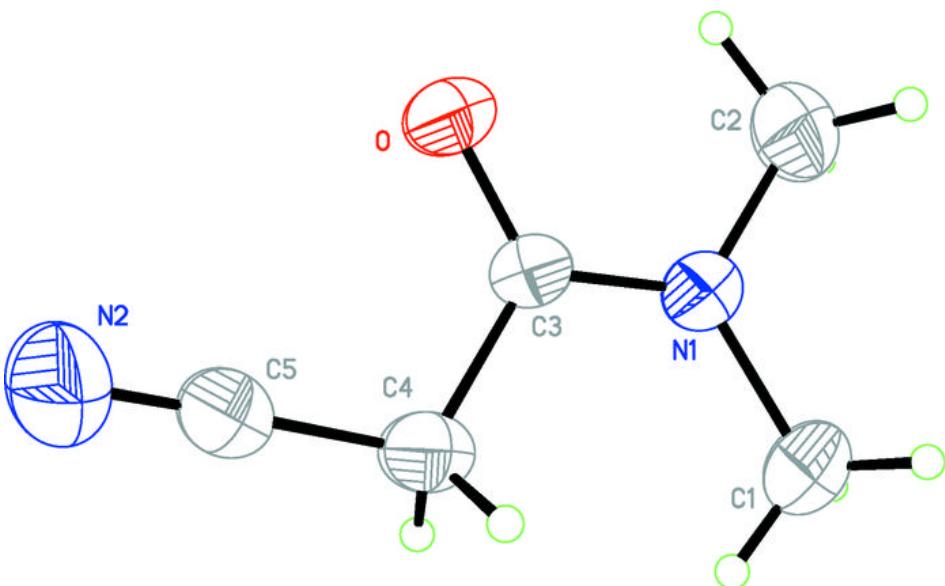
H4A—C4—H4B	107.8	H2B—C2—H2C	109.5
O—C3—N1	122.6 (2)	N1—C1—H1A	109.5
O—C3—C4	119.5 (2)	N1—C1—H1B	109.5
N1—C3—C4	117.94 (19)	H1A—C1—H1B	109.5
C3—N1—C2	119.2 (2)	N1—C1—H1C	109.5
C3—N1—C1	124.6 (2)	H1A—C1—H1C	109.5
C2—N1—C1	116.1 (2)	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5
N2—C5—C4	178.7 (3)		
C5—C4—C3—O	−3.2 (3)	O—C3—N1—C1	177.2 (3)
C5—C4—C3—N1	177.1 (2)	C4—C3—N1—C1	−3.1 (4)
O—C3—N1—C2	0.8 (4)	C3—C4—C5—N2	167 (15)
C4—C3—N1—C2	−179.5 (2)		

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , °)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
C4—H4A···O <sup>i</sup>	0.97	2.38	3.300 (3)	159.
C4—H4B···O <sup>ii</sup>	0.97	2.41	3.141 (3)	132.

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ .

Fig. 1



## supplementary materials

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Fig. 2

